

Engineering Geothermal Systems

World Wide Renewable Baseload Power

The Energy Under Our Feet



ALTA**ROCK**
ENERGY INC

Geothermal Energy - What is it?



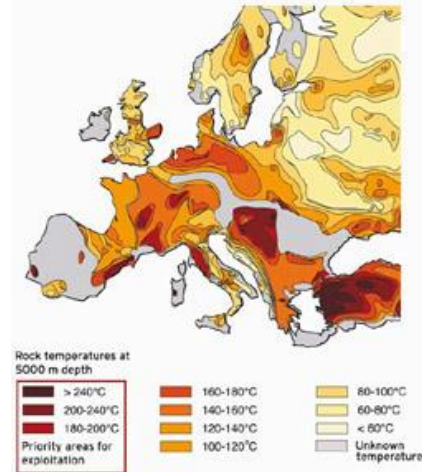
The deeper you go the hotter it gets



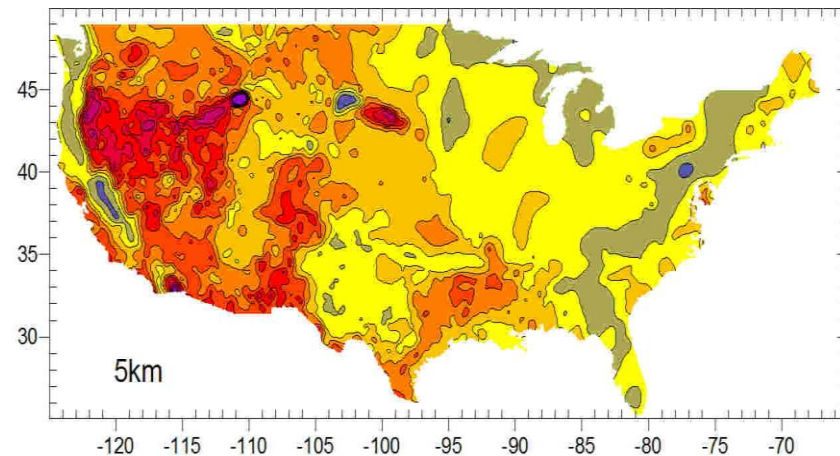
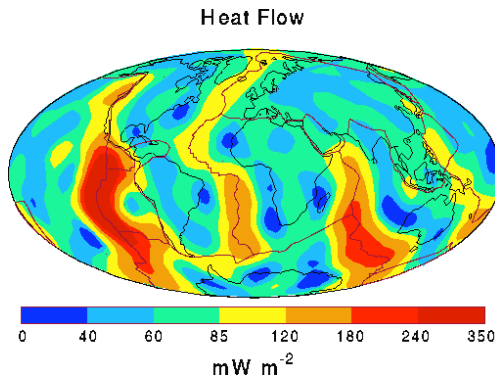
Heat Mining the Geothermal Resource

Enhanced Geothermal Systems

- Enormous resource stored as heat in rock
- Natural heat flow recharges stored heat
- Areas with high heat flow
 - Across the US
 - Around the world

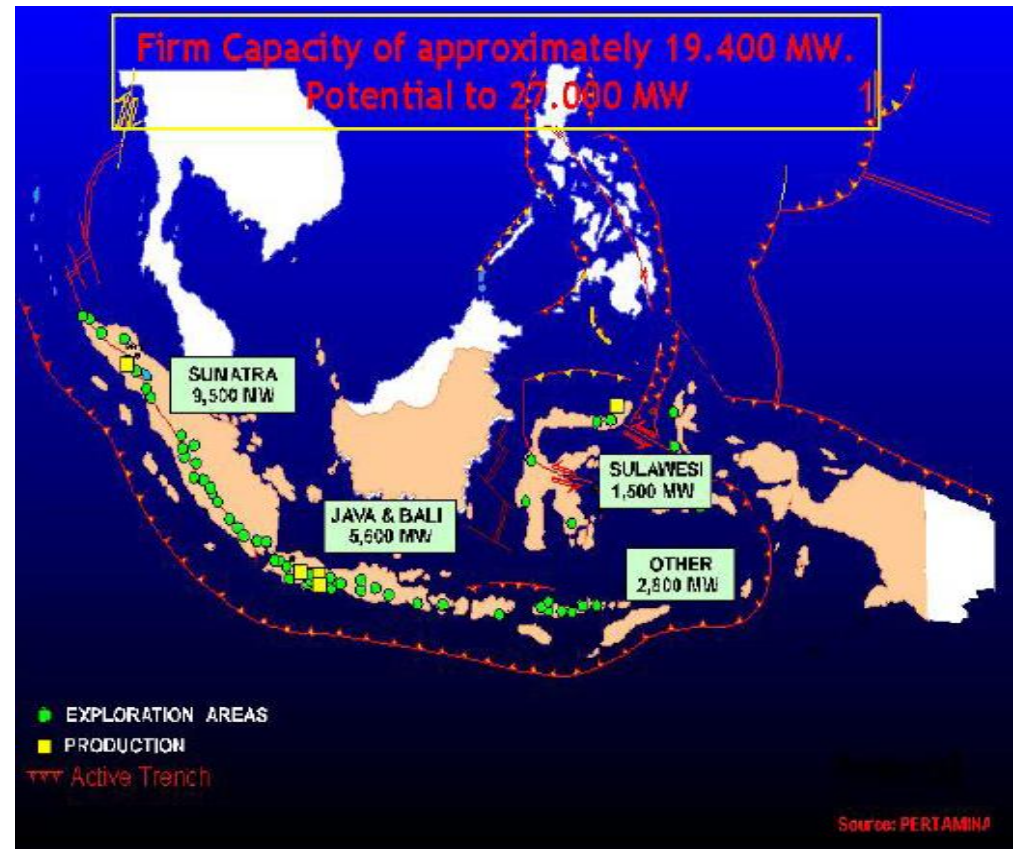


Rock temperatures at 5 km depth



Geothermal Resources in Asia

- Philippines - 1984 MW now on line
 - Total hydrothermal resource potential >30,000 MW
 - EGS resource potential >100,000 MW?
- Indonesia - 807 MW now on line
 - In development – Additional 580 MW
 - Total hydrothermal resource potential >27,000 MW
 - EGS resource potential >135,000 MW?
- Japan - 535 MW on line
 - Two major EGS experiments
 - Developed HT downhole pump for EGS through Ebara
 - Large scale EGS potential



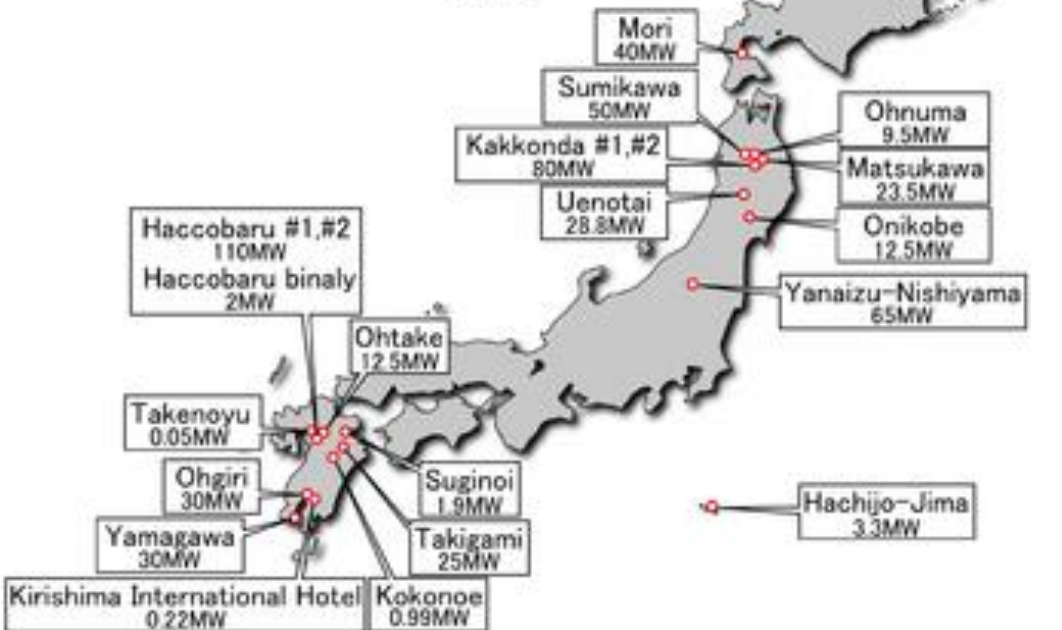
Geothermal in Japan: EGS Potential

- Location of Geothermal and Nuclear Power Plants, Hot Springs, and Volcanoes
- Geothermal Gradient and Heat Flow
- Location of EGS sites: Hijori and Ogachi
- Geologic Mapping of Faulting and Plutonic Rocks



Geothermal and Nuclear Power Plants in J

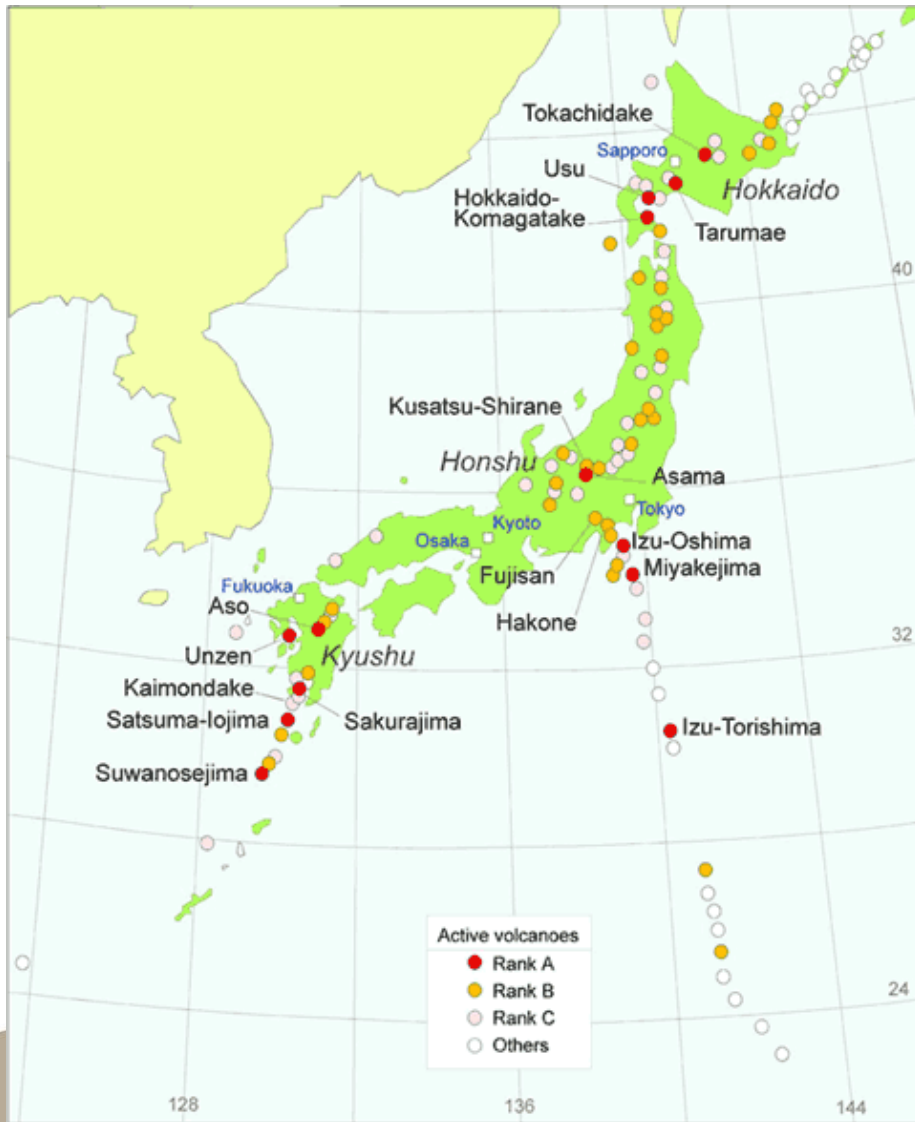
Geothermal power plants
in the islands of Japan
(2011)



http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/1/1e/Geothermal_power_plants_in_Japan_E.PNG/350px-Geothermal_power_plants_in_Japan_E.PNG

<http://modernsurvivalblog.com/wp-content/uploads/2011/03/japan-nuclear-reactor-map.gif>

Active Volcanoes



Hot Spring

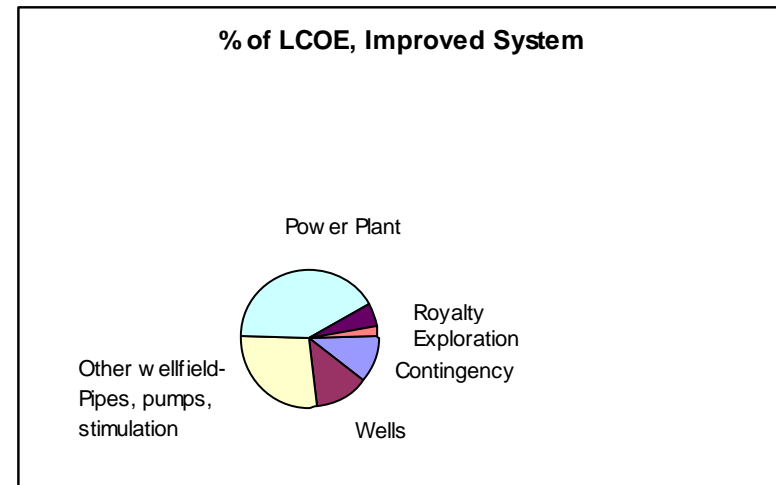
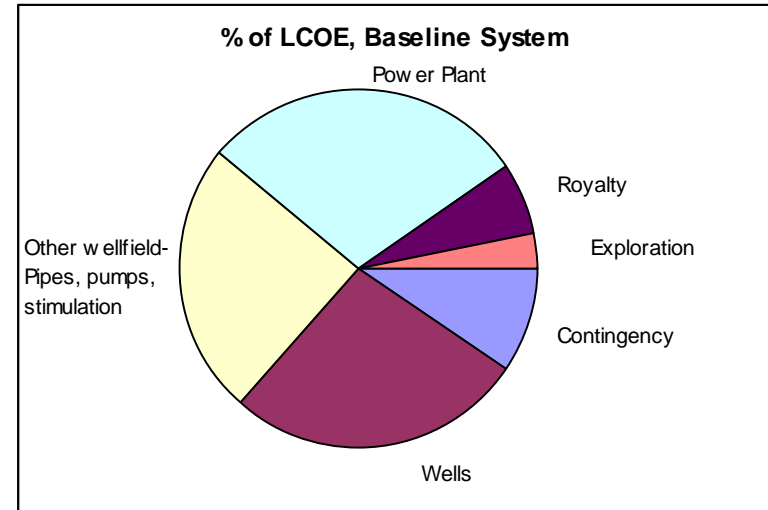


Economics

High Temperature System

300° C at 4 km

- With current technology ~7.8¢/kWh
- With improved technology 5.4¢/kWh
- Areas for technology improvement
 - Conversion cycle efficiency
 - Drilling cost reduction/risk reduction
 - Fewer casing strings
 - Higher hard rock ROP
 - Better measurement while drilling for HT (risk↓)
 - Improved stimulation technology
 - Better zone isolation
 - Better reservoir understanding
 - Stress measurement
 - Fracture ID
 - Higher flow per producer
 - Single well test methods



EGS Advantages

- Enormous un-tapped energy resource for baseload power generation
- Only baseload renewable energy source scalable to large capacity projects.
- Significant U.S. reserves located in areas of power demand
- Zero emissions
- Low operating cost.
- No fuel cost
- Small plant footprint
- Widely distributed
- Much greater availability than wind and solar >95%
- Long project lifespan up to 30 or more years
- CO₂ sequestration potential
- Reduce cost and improve performance using CO₂ in the reservoir
- 1 km³ of rock cooled 20° C = 29,300,000 BBLs oil equivalent

